direct earned premium or insured loss calculations.

[68 FR 59720, Oct. 17, 2003]

§ 50.36 Allocation of premium income associated with entities that do share profits and losses with private sector insurers.

(a) Servicing Carriers. For purposes of this Subpart, a servicing carrier is an insurer that enters into an agreement to place and service insurance contracts for a State residual market insurance entity or a State workers' compensation fund and to cede premiums associated with such insurance contracts to the State residual market insurance entity or State workers' compensation fund. Premiums written by a servicing carrier on behalf of a State residual market insurance entity or State workers' compensation fund that are ceded to such an entity or fund shall not be included as direct earned premium (as described in $\S50.5(d)(1)$ or 50.5(d)(2)) of the servicing

(b) Participant Insurers. For purposes of this Subpart, a participant insurer is an insurer that shares in the profits and losses of a State residual market insurance entity or a State workers' compensation fund. Premium income that is distributed to or assumed by participant insurers in a State residual market insurance entity or State workers' compensation fund (whether directly or as quota share insurers of risks written by servicing carriers), shall be included in direct earned premium (as described in §50.5(d)(1) or 50.5(d)(2)) of the participant insurer.

Subpart E—Self-Insurance Arrangements; Captives [Reserved]

Subpart F—Claims Procedures

§ 50.50 Federal share of compensation.

(a) General. (1) The Treasury will pay the Federal share of compensation for insured losses as provided in section 103 of the Act once a Certification of Loss required by §50.53 is deemed sufficient. The Federal share of compensation under the Program shall be:

- (i) 90 percent of that portion of the insurer's aggregate insured losses that exceed its insurer deductible during each Program Year through Program Year 4, and
- (ii) 85 percent of that portion of the insurer's aggregate insured losses that exceed its insurer deductible during Program Year 5 and any Program Year thereafter.
- (2) The percentages in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) and (ii) are both subject to any adjustments in §50.51 and the cap of \$100 billion as provided in section 103(e)(2) of the Act.
- (b) Program Trigger amounts. Notwithstanding paragraph (a) or anything in this Subpart to the contrary, no Federal share of compensation will be paid by Treasury unless the aggregate industry insured losses resulting from a certified act of terrorism occurring after March 31, 2006 exceed the following amounts:
- (1) For a certified act of terrorism occurring after March 31, 2006 and before January 1, 2007: \$50 million;
- (2) For a certified act of terrorism occurring in 2007 and any Program Year thereafter: \$100 million.
- (c) Insured losses after March 31, 2006. For all purposes of subpart F, insured loss or insured losses or aggregate insured losses resulting from acts of terrorism after March 31, 2006 shall be limited to those insured losses resulting from Program Trigger events.
- (d) Conditions for payment of Federal share. Subject to paragraph (e) of this section, Treasury shall pay the appropriate amount of the Federal share of compensation to an insurer upon a determination that:
- (1) The insurer is an entity, including an affiliate thereof, that meets the requirements of §50.5(f);
- (2) The insurer's insured losses, as defined in §50.5(e) and limited by §50.50(c) (including the allocated dollar value of the insurer's proportionate share of insured losses from a State residual market insurance entity or State workers' compensation fund as described in §50.35), have exceeded its insurer deductible as defined in §50.5(g);
- (3) The insurer has paid or is prepared to pay an underlying insured loss, based on a filed claim for the insured loss;